Historical Timeline of Crimea, 1783-2014

Dick Atlee (version 1.1 — 3 March 2017)

 $\underline{http://oriental review.org/2017/02/08/what-nikky-haley-should-know-about-annexed-crimea/now-$

 $\underline{https:/\!/en.wikipedia.org/wiki/\!History_of_Ukraine}$

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1954 transfer of Crimea

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kosovo_independence_precedent

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crimean Khanate



(For an intense Crimean view of the situation, see Andrei Kondrashov's 2015 documentary "Crimea: way back home")

	see America Robustashov 3 2013 documentary
1783	Former Crimean Khanate is annexed by the Russian Empire.
1921	Crimea is part of Soviet Russia: Crimean Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic (CASSR)
	was part of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic (RSFSR).
1922	After declaring independence in 1918 & falling under German control, Ukraine joins USSR.
2/19/54	CASSR transferred from RSFSR to UkraineSSR by Supreme Soviet of USSR.
	Controversial! Done without a quorum, supposedly with the constitutionally necessary
	consent of both parliaments.
	Ex-poste-claimed reason: 300th anniversary of the Treaty of Pereyaslav that unified Cossack
	and Muscovy areas leading to Russian acquisition of Ukraine.
	Likely functional reasons: Crimea is an extension of Ukrainian steppe, integration of
	Crimean/Ukraine economies, Khruschev fond of Ukraine, and to bind Ukraine closer to
	USSR because of the Russian Black Sea Fleet at Sevastopol.
1990	UkraineSSR Parliament: Declaration of State Sovereignty, new self-determined state within
	UkraineSSR boundaries, including the ethnically non-Ukrainian (mostly Russian) Crimea.
1/20/91	Crimean referendum to restore pre-1954 status in RSFSR (81% turnout, 93% passage).
2/12/91	UkraineSSR Supreme Soviet accepts Crimean referendum results, but
8/24/91	UkraineSSR Supreme Court declares Ukraine independent, with Crimea as its territory
	(specifically failing to hold required Crimean referendum, which would have rejected this).
12/1/91	Ukraine-wide independence referendum; most Crimeans boycotted, but quorum was achieved
	by allowing non-residents to vote in Crimean polling stations.
1/92	Russian Supreme Soviet questions constitutionality of 1954 transfer.
1992	Ongoing Crimean protests and demands for secession occur.
	Supreme Council of Crimea passes Act of State Independence of the Autonomous Republic of
	Crimea, approves Crimean constitution, passes resolution to hold a referendum.
8/2/92	Original date scheduled for referendum, but Kiev manages to postpone it.
	Kiev forces dozens of rewrites of constitution.
1994	Referendum held, but only as a public opinion poll.
	First Crimean Presidential election, Russian nationalist administration takes over, promising
	return to Russia, but plan is shelved.
1995	Crimean Presidency and constitution abolished.
1997	Ukraine/Russian treaty recognizes Ukraine borders and sovereignty over Crimea.
1998	Ukraine aligns Crimean law with Ukrainian law = last step before final annexation.
until 2014	Any Ukraine attempt to abolish Crimean autonomy met with large protests and demands to restore Republic of Crimea statehood and 1992 Constitution.
2/2014	Overthrow of Ukraine government by Western-financed/instigated/controlled rightist forces.
_, _ 0 1 .	Crimea opposes the coup; Crimean buses returning from Kiev attacked by Ukraine
	nationalists.
3/16/2014	Crimean referendum to return to Russia passes by 96%, citing 2008 precedent of Kosovo's
	unilateral declaration of independence from Serbia. (Hear Crimeans talk about this:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZpKoXLBtnU8)
	There'd been much international disagreement about the validity of Kosovo as a precedent;
	even Putin had said in 2008 it was a dangerous precedent unless approved by both sides

Important: NO RUSSIAN INVASION: Russians already there at Sevastopol naval base.

(which was the case in the Crimean situation), and would come back to "bite" the West.